BLOODHOUNDS ARE WANTED

If They Can Be Procured Tillman's Spies Will Be Hunted With Them.

POSSES SCOUR THE WOODS

IOWA MAY FOLLOW TILLMAN.

Representative Chassel Introduced a Bill

DES MOINES, Iowa, March 31.—Representa

tive Chassel sprung a suprise in the house

this afternoon. He introduced a bill provid-

ing for the manufacture and sale by wholesale of liquors in the state of Iowa. He had it read a first and second time and ordered

engrossed. The vote was 44 to 39 on engross

The Democrats and Liberal Republicans

voted together, while the Prohibitionists

were active in obstructive measures. They

tried to force adjournment but failed. Then

a motion was carried to have the third read-

ing of the bill Tuesday morning next. Chassel

moved to reconsider the votes on en-

grossment and third reading and lay

them on the table. The Prohibitionists again

moved adjournment and failed to earry it.
Then Chassel renewed his motion to table, and it was lost, 44 to 43. Immediately Chassel moved to adjourn, and it was lost. Chassel then withdrew his motion to reconsider, and Byers moved to adjourn. Confusion then

reigned supreme.

Speaker Stone left the chair and called on Klemmet to preside. The confusion became

Klemmet to preside. The confusion became so great that no business could be done and Klemmet deelared the house adjourned until Monday morning. This leaves the manufac-

turing ordered engrossed and not taken up for the third reading before Tuesday, when all members are expected to be present and its friends expect the bill to pass.

THEY STAND BY TILLMAN. South Carolina Congressmen Say the Governor Is Doing His Duty.

South Carolina members of Congress are

eagerly awaiting information from the scene

of the riotous conflict in South Carolina, Rep-

resentative McLaurin, in whose district the

trouble has occurred, has telegraphed for

particulars. The Congressmen stand by Governor Tillman.

Representative Strait, of Lancaster, S. C., said: "Governor Tillman will execute the law if it requires 50,000 men to do it. He can call not only on the militia, but the people will furnish volunteers. The sentiment of the

furnish volunteers. The sentiment of the state upholds him. There is a small clique at the bottom of the trouble. They want to defy the law and bring moonshine whisky into the state. The governor proposes to stop it."

Representative Talbert, of Parksville, S. C.,

said: "The trouble has been brewing for some time and this outbreak is the climax. Governor Tillman is simply doing his duty in executing the law, and the people uphold him. He is a man of positive convictions, and it is absolutely certain he will execute

the law and crush opposition, no matter what the consequences may be."

Western Union Will Not Comply.

"State of South Carolina, Richland county

Union Telegraph Company, at Columbia, S. C., the officers and agents in his employ, as such, are hereby enjoined from senting or receiving or delivering any and all messuch, are hereby enjoined from sending or receiving or delivering any and all mes-sages from private persons or to private per-

the Darlington affair, is as follows.

March 31, 1894,

take possession of the office if t Judge Watts is not complied with.

War Department officials here, for they appre-

the President chooses to respond to a call from Governer Tillman he could easily place

thirteen companies and nine batteries at read-ily accessible stations.

CHARLESTON, S. C., March 31,-The most

intense excitement has prevailed in Charles-

ton to-day. The bulletin boards of the News

and Courier have been surrounded all day

with crowds of excited people, but the ut-

ustrations.

John F. Fleken, Joseph W. Barnwell, George J. Edwards, G. L. Bulst Charles Inglesby, A. W. Jarshall, J. C. Hemphill, J. Edgar Smyth, and

Trying to Mass a Thousand Men

COLUMBIA, S. C., March 31.-Governor Till-

ian has issued a proclamation declaring Dar-

lington and Florence counties in a state of

insurrection and commanding the insurgents

insurrection and commaning the insurgents to disperse in twenty-four hours. The gov-ernor is trying to mass 1,000 men at Tim-monsville, near Florence, and has given the clerks of court orders to summon posses of every description. Whether the clerk can

muster men is not known here, but many

It is reported that troops from Edgefied and Newberne are on their way here, but the reports lack confirmation.

Tillman and the Western Union.

night manager of the Western Union Tele-

grape Company in this city to-night that

there had so far been no interruption in the service from South Carolina. Governor Till-

service from South Carolina. Governor Till-man, of that state, according to dispatches re-ceived in this city from Columbia, S. C., has issued orders that no matter relating to the whisky riots or anything else that he does not approve of shall go over the wires.

London, March 31 .- Among the passeng

on the American line steamer Berlin, which

The effect of this appeal was good,

imilar to That of South Carolina.

Only Two Militia Companies Have Responded to the Governor's Call-Dispensaries in Several Towns Destroyed by Mobs-One Spy Believed to Have Been Murdered.

(Special to the Associated Press.) DARLINGTON, S. C., March 31.-No further outbreak has occurred since last night's trouble. The situation here remains about the same. The posse continues to scour the woods for the escaped constables who were responsible for the killing of Darlington's citizens on her streets last evening. The center of operations for the citizen soldiery seems to be Timmonsville, a small town thirty miles from here, as the spies are supposed to be lurking around there in the

The posse are guarding every railroad outlet in the county, and it is believed that the spies are still in the county, except two, who boarded a C. S. & N. road and made for North Carolina. The posse publicly say they will kill any of them on sight. Telegrams were sent to Charleston asking for ands to aid in the search, but they

could not be secured.

The governor has had a train out twenty-The governor has had a train out twentyfour hours trying to get mey to assist him
and protect his sonstables. He issued a command to the state militia, but only two companies have, it is understood here, expressed their willingness to respond; the
other companies have thrown up, their commissions. The Bishopville guards were sent
here about 2 o'clock to-day on a special. The
sheriff was notified to meet them at the depot,
which he did. The captain told him he was
instructed to report to a state constable here.
The sheriff replied that he though it doubtful about finding one here, except the
wounded man who is in jail here. This company remained here five minutes and departed. No one knows why they left. The

pany remained here five minutes and de-parted. No one knows why they left. The shariff asked them to stay and protect the wounded constable, but it seems they did not relish the undertaking.

Mobs have destroyed the dispensaries at Timmonsville, Fiorence, and other places in the northern part of South Carolina near here, and the one in Darlington will share a like feat to note. alke interto-night. Dispensor Floyd was or-dered by Governor Tillman to keep the place here closed to-day, which he did. He wired the governor about the threats made against the dispensory, and was instructed to get the

the dispensary, and was instructed to get the names of as many of the parties making threats as possible, but to offer no resistance. It is not likely be will offer any, as feeling against the state gin sloop is high. It was Floyd's brother who struck the first blow, which resulted so disastrously yesterday. The brother has not been seen since.

Funeral services over the remains of Mr. F. C. Norment, one of the citizens slain yesterday, were conducted this evening with masonic honors. The remains of Mr. Redmond were sent to North Carolina, while those of the spy Pepper were sent to Charleston. It is said that the wounded spy now in jail acknowledged that he fired the first shot, and asserts that he got his man.

knowledged that he fired the first shot, and asserts that he got his man.

At 2 o'clock to-day Governor Tillman declared martial law in this town.

Those here who insve carefully considered the matter say this action is unnecessary, and do not he sitate to express themselves freely in tones o' disgust with the obnoxious dis-

It is authentically reported that three spice were captured at Santer at 4 o'clock and hurried to Columbia on a special train for mastey. It is also currently reported, and gen-erally believed, that mother-pay was captured near here. It is said he was wounded in three places and exhausted when discovered. It is thought that the posse finished him, as they will not talk and dld not bring him with

them when they returned to fown.

At 0 o'clock to night the streets of this usually quiet little town were lively and animated lie places. Plans were being arranged the night, and it is quite likely that a dispen

WILL DECLARE MARTIAL LAW.

Governor Tillman Determined to Suppress

Rioting at Any Cost. COLUMBIA, S. C., March St. The situatio is strained intensely and all reports are to some extent biased by the views of the parwill aid the governor to earry out his purposes, while the other side maintains that he cannot command the militia in such an unpopular move as the present attempt to ense search of private dwellings. The following account is the situation as summed up by a newspaper friend of Governor Till-

The governor has declared Darlington and Florence countles in a state of insurrection. The report that he has deglared martial law over the whole state is not true. He has also ordered the ratiroad authorities not to trans port any bodies of men unless authorized by him. The railroads have thus far refused compllates. The governor has also ordered

him. The railroads have thus far refused compilar on. The gort mor has also ordered the telegraph compant, a not to transmit any news of a warlike testemey. This order has likewise been refused compliance.

The Edgedeld Hussars, Governor Tillman's home company, will leave Edgesleld at 6 p. m. for Columbia. The Lally littles of Orangeburg and a company from Alken will also reach here to-night. The ten Greenville county congrames are under forms and waitponse from the military companies out the state, and during the night to-morrow troops will be pouring into in. The situation is very grave. It is understood 500 citizens of Columbia have signed a paper agreeing to go to Darlington to assist the citizens who are after the constato assist the citizens who are after the constables. It is reported that an attempt will be made here on arrival of the Newberry Rilles to force them to return or prevent the train from proceeding. The city and state dispensarios were closed to-tay by order of the governor, and their, contenus are now being hauted to the penitentiary for sackeeping.

The troops are arriving by the inhoming trains and at 5.30 p, in the Edgefield Liftes have just marched to the state capitol.

The governor's proclamation declaring Darlington and Florence counties in insurrection is as follows:

"Wherens, Certain persons have assembled in

Watts, of the state courts, on request of Governor Tiliman, has granted an injunction against the Western Union Tele-graph Company Manager Gray, restraining him from accepting messages for transmittal on the Darlington troubles unless sent by The injunction was served on Manager Gray at 7 p. m.

Tillman Takes Control of Railroads FLORENCE, S. C., March 31 .- The Bishopwille guards, the only military company the governor could get in the state to obey his commands, has just passed through on a

sailed from Southampton for New York to-day, were the members of Mr. Oscar Barreti's "Cinderella" Company. Included in the company is Miss Kate Churd.

NO WELCOME TO MR. COXEY

men under Capt. C. S. James. The governor has taken military control of the Wilmington, Columbia and Augusta road to prevent vigilants from using it, but not before a special came from Marion with thirty vigilants armed and equipped. Three spies have been caught near Sumter, taken there by vigilants and put under military guard until a decision can be reached as to what to do with them. Darlington is quiet, and there is nothing there to stir up a row just now. Interest centers chiefly in Florence, where men are using Winehesters for walking sticks. New Galilee, Pa., Pails to Enthuse Over the Commonweal Army.

ASSUMES COMMAND IN PERSON

The Doughty General Arrives from Chicago and Confers With His Marshals-Pittsburg Crooks Arrested-Singing Around the Camp Fires-Usual Meeting Not Held.

NEW GALILEE, Pa., March 31.-Chilly was the reception accorded Coxey's commonweal by the few inhabitants of this little town, where the first camp in Pennsylvania was pitched. The men found sleeping quarters in a dismantled foundry and loafed and cooked in an adjoining lumber yard. No excitement was created, and the town marshal said he could cope single-handed with the army. Quite a number of people from New Lisbon ame over in the evening to view the camp,

Marshal Brown's orders as usual contained something unusual. It was ordered that all nicknames be dropped by the men and reporters; that each man must draw soap from the commissary and use it. The under officers who ride have secured new mounts, and the

who ride have secured new mounts, and the army means to present a good appearance when Beaver Palls is entered.

Fifteen new recruits came in on freight trains and took badges. The company presented a very lively appearance after supper, and the men sang songs, the Chicago quartette having a good audience. Considerable provisions from Salem were brought in on freight trains. Mr. Coxey arrived at 70 clock and immediately conferred with his marshais. The usual meeting was called, but as no audience appeared it was abandoned.

The camp at Beaver Falls will be named "Valley Forge." Four well-know crooks from Pittsburg put in an appearance, but were sent out of the town by the general.

Southern Branch of the Army,

Sr. Louis, Mo., March 31.-The southern branch of Coxey's army of the commonweal was busy organizing in St. Louis to-day and ormulating plans as to transportation, etc., by which they hope to join the main body of the unemployed at Pittsburg. The start is to be made from East St. Louis to-morrow, and he made from East St. Louis to-morrow, and the recruits will probably take the box-car route, by which most of them reached this city. Capt. Primrose, with about forty men under his lendersing, reached St. Louis yes-terday. Since then some thirty men under the command of Lieuts. Mike Bryant and Mike Dunn, from San Antonio, Tex., have come in on an Iron Mountain freight train, Darby Dovie at the head of some tweive Darby Doyle, at the head of some twelve men, all from Little Rock, arrived also to-day. All arrivals enlist under Capt. Prim-rose's banner and will try to reach Pittsburg as one band, where they will join the main body of the army. Altogether some 100 recruits, many of whom will be the unemployed of this city, are expected to leave East St. Louis to-

Crossed the Pennsylvania Line.

COLUMBIA, S. C., March 31.—The order served by Governor Tillman on the manager of the Western Union Telegraph office directhas been entered by the commonweal, the ing him net to transmit messages relating to state line being crossed at 10 o'clock. Jackson, the Indian, who went ahead last night, left a greeting by the wayside stuck in a twig exparte B. R. Tillman, governor of South Carolina. On hearing the application of his excellency Governor B. R. Tilman, it is or-dered the public safety requiring it that John T. Gray, superintendent of the Western

left a greeting by the wayside stuck in a twig of saping.

Just before reaching the line the handwagon broke down. The army immediately after passing the line struck the worst bit of road it has yet encountered. The day was warm and the men took off their overcosts and bundled them up. Cari Browne went on ahead to telegraph to Coxy that the ladies and not the soldiers greeted the commonweal on the state line. Great enthusiasm prevalled among the officers and men when Ohio was left behind. Just at the line three men deserted and seven more recruits joined. The midday halt was made at Darlington, under the shadow of the old house where John Brownwent to school. This evoked considerable feeling in speeches made by the lenders. sages from private persons of to private per-sons except those relating to commerce or private matters until further order of this court. It is further ordered that a copy of this order be immediately served upon said superintendent, if found, and on failure to find him, upon the one in charge of said office. (Signed) It, C. Watts. "Judge of Fourth Circuit, Columbia, S. C. March, 21, 1842"

Manager Gray has referred the matter to the New York authorities, which will prob-ably instruct him to receive and send all mes-sages. The governor, it is declared, will take possession of the office if the order of A Light-fingered Coxeyite DENVER, Colo., March 31 .- Joe St. Clair, lias Bart Hamilton, alias Gen. Hamilton, commander of the Colorado division of the Coxey commonweal army, was arraigned in the police court to-day and charged with stealing a lot of clothes and numerous other The threatening aspect of affairs in South articles from Mrs. Kennedy, a boarding house keeper. Hamilton claimed the case was one of persecution because of unreciprocated af-Carolina has caused grave concern among the of persecution because of unreciprocated af-fection, and asked for a continuance until Monday, which was granted. About forty of his followers were present when the case was called, one-half of whom City Detective Carhend that it may forerun a call for Federal troops. Unfortunately Secretary Lamont is absent in Florida at present and Gen. Scho-field, the major general commanding the army, is also away from Washington on a

berry declared had served terms in the county trip to the Pacific slope. This leaves at the department Acting Secretary Doe and Adju-tant General Ruggles to deal with any emer-gency that may arise.

An inquiry into the disposition of the army forces in the East and South shows that if Provisions at Benver Falls. welcome awaits Coxey's army on their arriva here to-morrow. Three teams have been busy all day collecting contributions. The result from Governer Tillman he could easily pince a formidable array of United States regular troops in South Carolina within a cay or two. There are four batteries at Fort MePherson, Atlanta, Ga., two at Barraneas, Fla., two companies at St. Augustine, Fla., two bat-teries at Key West, and in addition there are to-night appears in a big store room packed with a miscellaneous assortment of goods, ranging from tinware, clothing, and boots sauerkrout. Muli tudes of the men are sur

porting Coxey badges to-night. The town is filling with strangers, and an extra force of police is on duty. Philadelphia's Army.
Philadelphia, March 31.—Christopher Columbus Jones, advance agent in this city for Coxey's army, was the chief figure in a meeting held here to-night in the interest of the ing haid here to-hight in the interest of the cause. There was a slight attendance. Addresses were made by John J. Moore, a well-known religious speaker, and John C. Hannum, of the Farmers' Alliance. The army will leave here on April 12, stopping in Darby for a two-days' drill, after which they will march to interest; the main boar.

and posted on the bulletin board:
To the people of Charleuton:
The situation in the state is one of exceeding gravity. It is of the highest importance to Charleston and to she state that in this crisis the citizens of Charleston shall do all in their power to preserve absolute peace and quiet in the city. We appeal to all good citizens, without respect to political athliations, to lend their efforts in this behalf. Let us at least, abstain from all assembling of ourselves Logethe, or public demonstrations. to intercept the main body. Striking Potters Will Join. East Livenpool, Ohio, March 31,-The East Liverpool delegation of striking potters, who were to join Coxey's army at Beaver Falls to-morrow afternoon, left at 3 o'clock to-dny. They were headed by Mike Reynolds, who earried a large banner, upon which was inscribed: "East Liverpool striking potters' bridge of the commonweal army." A thou-sand persons saw the squad start from the

Packed in Like Sardines-Sr. Louis, Mo., March 31.-A special to the Post-Dispatch from Longview to-day says: The Frye division of the Coxey army arrived to-day, 600 strong, packed like sardines in fourteen box-cars. They were so crowded none could lie down. They were met here by some 200 citizens, all armed, who super-vised the transfer of the crowd to the Texas and Pacific train in waiting for them. This

PITTSBURG, March 31.-When Coxey reache Pittsburg next Tuesday he will receive a large number of recruits from the ranks of the unemployed who have been working in the parks. The subscriptions have run out and all the men will be discharged on Monday. Nearly 1,000 of them have signified their intention of joining the commonweal upon its arrival here. Companies have also been organized in the west end and Allegheny.

Minnie Palmer the Respondent. NDON, March 31.-Among the divorce eases that are set down to be tried shortly is that of Rogers vs. Rogers and Rose. The respondent is the well-known American actress Minnie Palmer. She pleads that the English courts have no jurisdiction. The corespond-ent is an elderly and wealthy baronet.

BENEDICT THE MAN.

The Public Printership Plum Has Surely Fallen to the Former Incumbent. From private information in regard to the consultation which Mr. Benedict held with the President on last Sunday it can now be stated with certainty that Mr. Benedict will be formally asked and that he will accept the position of Public Printer.

Thomas E. Benedict was born in Warwick, N. Y., about fifty-two years ago. During his editorship of the Ellensville (N. Y.) Press for a number of years he gained valuable experience in the printing line, and he is a practical printer. He was a member of the New York Legislature for several years, then became deputy comptroller of the state and

afterward secretary of state. He held the lat-ter office until January 1, 1894.

Mr. Benedict was appointed Public Printer under Mr. Cleveland's first administration in September, 1886, and held the office until 1889, when he was removed by Mr. Harrison upon the appointment of Frank W. Palmer, the present incumber!

present incumbent.

Mr. Benedict's home is in Elienville, N. Y. but he has been living in Albany for a number of years, and is there at the present time. His appointment will probably be sent to the Senate on Monday. The salary is \$4,500 a year, and the position controls the appointment of over 2,000 employes.

The Strike at Uniontown.

Deen in progress almost daily since that time.

UNIONTOWN, Pa., Mardh 31.—There was nothing sensational in the strike developments to-day. The executive board were in session at Scottdale all day and received delegates from all over the region. The reports were said to be very encouraging to report sween said to be very encouraging to report the men, and at least 10,000 are expected to Monday and throw down their picks. The operators are now animed over the situation, and have placed guards around the works of the wholesaid estreation of propers of the wholesaid estreation of the propers of the wholesaid estreation of the wholesaid estreation of the wholesaid estreation of the wholesaid estreation of propers of the wholesaid estreation of Uniontown, Pa., March 31.-There was nothing sensational in the strike develop-

be given full membership in the House of

Representatives, and Harvard will take the negative.

Ruler of a Community San Francisco, March 31 .- President Me-Coy, ruler of the famous little community on Piteairn Island, has arrived here on the missionary brig Pitchirn. McCoy is a descendsionary briar Pitchirn. McCoy is a descend-ant of Boatswain McCoy, one of the mutineers of the Bounty, who settled on Pitcairn Island many years ago. The community now com-prises 128 people. McCoy's errand is to en-gage two school teachers to educate the chil-dren on the island. He says the community is in a prosperous condition and has recently adopted a new form of government, over which he presides as president. He is as-sisted by a council of six men. sisted by a council of six men,

Brooklyn Typos Go to Work. BROOKLYN, March 31.-The typos of the Standard Union shortly after 11 o'clock agreed to go to work at a salary of \$21 a week for eight hours' work, which is a reluction of five per cent, on their former pay. The proposition was accepted by the pub-ishers. The Standard Union was particularly bampered by the strike, for the reason inity hampered by the strike, for the reason that a large portion of their matter is set up on the type-setting machines, and the men who operated them went out with the com-positors, as did also the stereotypers. For a time it looked as if the paper would not make its appearance this afternoon.

Pirrisauno, Pa., March 31,-Patrick Rowan, a bridge builder residing in Pium niley, Lawrenceville, shot and killed Edward O'Conner, his friend, while trying to murder of conner, his triend, while trying to marker his wife. Rowan went home while drunk and quarreled with his wife. She upbraided him for being drunk and he drew a revolver and fired, but missed her. She then ran from the house closely pursued by Rowan. As they reached the pavement Rowan fred again. O Conner was just passing the house and received the charge in the mouth killing him almost instantly. Rowan was arrested.

Mine Workers' Convention. SPRINGFIELD, Ili., March 31.—The state convention of mine workers of America of Illinois was called to-day for April 11 in this city to devise ways and means to secure a more harmonious action between miners and operators and to secure more uniform scale of prices. The delegates will meet here again April 26 to discuss several political proposi

tions.

The miners propose at this convention to endeavor to form a separate political party with the aid of the Federation of Labor and

Murdered His Partner. CHICAGO, March 31,-John Ballou was arrested here last night, charged with murdering Joseph Tiffany near Fort Dodge, Iowa, about March 1. The men were partners in

about March I. The men were partners in a gambling house at Fort Dodge. They went out for a drive one evening and Ballou came back alone, saying that Tiffany had taken a train for the West. The story was discredited, and the next day Tiffany's body was found lying in a ditch with a bullet-hole in the heal. Ballou fled. He was tracked here and arrested by local detectives in a house on West Twelfth street. He denies the crime. Sale of Fine Horses. the Commercial from Lebanon, Ky., says

At the sale of fine horses on the stock farm of

TO PROTECT SEAL FISHERIES

Text of the Bill Submitted to the Senate by Secretary Gresham.

STRICT MEASURES PROPOSED

The Bill Shows Material Alterations from the McCreary Measure-Canadians Will Probably Remonstrate -Sir Julian Pauncefote's Propositions-Attitude of England.

Secretary Gresham has submitted to the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations the draft of a bill intended to carry out the regulations of the arbitrators as to the conduct of the seal fisheries in the North Pacific and Bering sen. It shows substantial changes from the McCreary bill introduced in the House about two weeks ago, and these changes have been made necessary by the advancement of the negotiations which have been in progress almost daily since that time. The text of the bill is as follows:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Ren

resentatives of the United States of America in

see 8. That, except in the case of a master See 8. That, except in the case of a master making a tales statement under eath, in violation of the provisions of the fourth section of this act, every person guilty of a violation of the provisions of this act, or the regulations made thereunder, shall for each offense be fined not less than \$200, or imprisoned not more than six months or both; and all vessels, their tackle, apparet, furniture, and cargo, at any time used or employed in violation of the regulations made thereunder, shall be forfeited to the United States.

thereunder, shall be forfeited to the United States.

Sec. 9. That any violation of this act, or of the regulations made thereunder, may be prosecuted either in the district court of Alaska or in any district court of the United States in California, Oregon, or Washington.

Sec. 10. That if any uniformed vessel of the United States shall be found within the waters to which this act applies, and at a time when the killing of fur seals is by this act prohibited, having on board scalskins or bodies of seals, or apparatus or implements suitable for killing or taking seals, or if any licensed vessel shall be found in the waters to which this act applies having on board apparatus or implements suitable for taking seals, but forbidden then and there to be used, it shall be presumed that the vessel in the one case and the apparatus or implements in the other was or were used in violation of this act until it is otherwise sufficiently proved.

Sec. 11. It shall be the duty of the President to

proved.

Sec. 11. It shall be the duty of the President to cause a sufficient naval force to cruise in the Sec. II. It shall be the duty of the President to cause a sufficient naval force to cruise in the waters to which this act is applicable to enforce its previsions, and it shall be the duty of the commanding officer of any vessel belonging to the naval or revenue service of the United States, when so instructed by the President, to soize and arrest all vessels of the United States found by him to be engaged, used, or employed in the waters last aforesaid in violation of any of the prohibitions of this act or of any regulations made thereunder, and to take the same, with all persons on board thereof, to the most convenient port in any district of the United States mentioned in this act, there to be dealt with according to law.

port in any district of the United States mentioned in this act, there to be dealt with according to law.

Sec 12. Any vessel or citizen of the United States offending against the prohibitions of this act or the regulations thereunder may be selzed and be detained by the haval or other duly commissioned officer of her majesty the Queen of Great Britain, but when so seized and detained they shall be handed over as soon as practicable, with any wilmess and proof on board, to any maval or revenue officer or other authorities of the United States, whose courts alone shall have jurisdiction to try the offense and impose the penalties for the same; Provided, however, That British officers shall arrest and detain vessels and persons as in this section specified only after, by appropriate legislation, Great Britain shall have authorized officers of the United States duly commissioned and instructed by the President to that end to arrest, detain, and hand over to the authorities of Great Britain vessels and subjects of that government offending against any statutes or regulations of Great Britain enacted or made to enforce the award of the treaty mentioned in the title of this act.

Although the submission of the above bill

Although the submission of the above bill would seem to indicate an understanding that the British authorities are ready to make their own measure conform to our plan, it appears that there are yet—stumbling—blocks in the remonstrances of the Canadians, and they have had the effect to cause the British government to doubt its inability to secure the passage of their bill in time to be of service this season.

Sir Julian Pauncefote has again come for-

ward with a proposition to renew the modus vivendi for this year, promising that in case this is done the British act will be passed in time to go into operation next year. He also requests permission to station a British agen on the Seal Islands to see that our catch does

on the Seal Islands to see that our catch does not exceed the maximum of 7,500 skins.

If this is accepted, it is believed that the closed zone will extend down to the forty-second parallel, at the northern boundary of California. So far as can be learned, no cause is assigned for the failure to pass the bill this season, and the fate of Sir Julian's last proposition is extremely doubtful. Brooklyn, 22; Murray Hill, 3.

opened their preliminary season at Eastern Park this afternoon with the Murray Hills. The crowd, numbering nearly 1,000, sat and shivered for more than two hours watching the very uninteresting and one-sided gama. The score was Brooklyn, 22; Murray Hill, 3.

WAGEWORKERS' TURN NOW,

Union Pacific Employes Agree to Stand by OMAHA, Neb., March 31.—The employes had

their turn in the federal court to-day when the Union Pacific wage-earning hearing was esumed before Judges Caldwell and Ryner. George Vrooman, of North Platte, Neb., chairman of the general grievance committee of the Union Pacific system, and also chairman of the Brotherhood of Engineers, was called to the stand and his examination consume all the time of the court until the hour of ad-

all the time of the court until the hour of adjournment for over Sunday. Mr. Vrooman endeavored to show the justice of the schedules in force and the justice of the rules proposed by the receivers.

Just before adjourning Judge Caldwell asked the witness if he could guarantee that the organization he represented would abide by the decision of the court, whatever it might be, regarding both rules and schedule of wages, or would there be a strike if the findings of the court did not suit the men.

Mr. Vrooman declared positively that his organization would abide by the court's decision, and that under no condition would there be a strike. There had been no threat of striking in spite of reports to the contrary, and such talk would not be countenanced by any of the employes of the road. He was willing to give guarantee that the engine men would not strike. This concluded the proceedings of the day.

GAVE RECEIPT FOR MILLIONS. Dr. Eugene Townsend Takes Charge of the

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., March 31 .- Dr. Eugen-Townsend assumed the duties of superintendent of the mint this afternoon and announced the appointment of Gen. George R. Snowden to be chief clerk, in place of M. H. Cobb, re-

moved.
The retiring superintendent was given two The retiring superintendent was given two receipts. One was a positive receipt for bullion amounting to \$5,000,000, which has been counted. The other was a conditional receipt for \$182,000,000 in the cashier's vaults which has not yet been counted. Of this amount there are \$50,000,000 worth of gold, silver, and minor coins, the remainder being

Ziegler Knocks Out McManns PHILADELPHIA, March 31,-Charles W. Mc-Manus, of Brooklyn, was to-night knocked out by Owen Ziegler, boxing instructor of the Caledonian Athletic Club, at the boxing entertainment given by the athletic club of the Schulykili Navy. The bout was the fourth, and last on the programme, and it took Ziegler just one and one-half minutes to take the measure of Mr. McManus. After a few light exchanges, Ziegler feinted with his left, and before the Brooklynite realized what was transpiring Zieler swung his right on Me-Manus' jaw, knocking him cold. It was fully five minutes before McManus regained his normal condition. The men fought at 138 regards.

Gus Turner, of Elizabeth, and Joe Leonard,

over Tom Monaghan in the other bout, Johnny Eckhardt, of New York, acted as

Can the King Do Wrong?

Co., of New York, have sued George W. Mc-Neer, the grain king, for \$200,000 commissions on a sale, which they claim would have been consummated but for McNear's false representations. McNear offered to sell his grain business and Port Costa warehouses for \$1,000,000, and Rich & Co. found a purfor \$1,000,000, and Rich & Co. found a pur-chaser in London, who agreed to buy pro-vided McNear could show that his profits had averaged \$185,000 a year for three years. McNear agreed to this, but investigation showed that the profits of the business did not average the amount stated. The sale was, therefore, declared off, but Rich & Co. think they are entitled to \$200,000 commission originally offered by McNear.

wearing the white cuirassier's uniform, with helmet. Seven bands of music were in the parade, and the torches, spreading a bright glow over the castle and lighting up the faces of its inmates, gave the affair a most attractive

aspect.

READING, Pa., March 31.-John Haves olored, aged 40 years, and George Hartman, aged 21, both employed at the new insanasylum at Wernersville, have had a grudge against each other for some time. They met in that village to-night, each armed with a seven-shooter, determined to kill. They stepped off six paces, in regular duel style, faced about and began firing. Each fired two shots, when Hayes fell with a bullet near his heart. He will die. Hartman was jailed here

Terrorized By Foreign Anarchists. PITISBURO, Pa., March 31.-District Atorney Burleigh has been notified that "Big Jee," the Hungarian anarchist who was prominently connected with the recent Mansfield Valley riots, and who at that time cluded arrest, was again at large in the coal regions to-day. It is said that Big Joe has sur-rounded himself with a gang of foreigners, and they are terrorizing the residents of that section. Joe is trying to induce the miners to take part in another riot.

New Wrestling Champion ling match between Bert Scheller, of this city and James Dunkerly, of Toronto, Ohio, took place at the opera house here to-night. They wrestled catch-as-catch-can style, with the full Nelson and stranglehold barred. Scheller took the first fall with a half Nelson in 2:20, and the second and winning fall with a neck lock and arm hold in 2:50. He will now be headed to wrestle any man in America. acked to wrestle any man in America.

Fatal Quarrel Between Farmers HOLLIDAYSBURG, Pa., March 31 .- Jacob odson and Emanuel Smith, two young farmers, attended a church revival at East Freedom last night, and on their way home quarreled over the proper mode of baptism. Finally both drew pistols and began firing. Dobson was shot through the chest and probably fatally injured. Smith was arrested and is in jail to await the result of his victim's

LEXINGTON, Ky., March 31.-W. Hope Lauleman's good three-year-old filly Elizabeth L. has gone lame and may have to be retired rom training. She was one of the best twocer-old fillies in the East last season, and her trouble may seriously damage the chances of Laudeman's string this season.

Mineola Lace Works Destroyed. ce works at 1310 Lawrence street, this city was destroyed by fire to-night. Two hundred people will be thrown out of employment. The loss will reach \$60,000, fully covered by

cil met to-day and appointed eight specia emen to serve until after Coxey's army ed through on Monday.

NEW BRIGHTON, Pa., March 31 .- The coun

Mrs. E. M. Gillete, of 1001 H street norther

MR. HAVEMEYER'S FRIENDS

Oblige His Sugar Trust By Keeping 1 Duty on the Refined Article.

BRICE, SMITH, ELKINS: BIG THREE

They May Not Have Made a Million in the Stock, but They Have Known What Was Going On-The Income Tax Gives Mr. Smith a Chance to Vote Against the Bill.

The warfare which has been waged so sucessfully for the maintenance of the duty on reined sugar has been understood all along to be under the leadership of Senator Brice. He has not himself always appeared conspicuously in the battle, but it has been commonly accepted that he could be relied upon at the right time, and that all the time he was really directing the various forces, within the Senate and out of it, which were doing the behests of Mr. Havemeyer, Mr. Searles, and the sugar trust. Chiefly in support of Mr. Brice it has been understood that Mr. Smith, of New Jersey, has stood. His constituents object to the income tax. He himself objects to it, and so strongly does Mr. Smith object to the income tax, and so strongly does he believe that his constituents oppose it, that he is prepared to vote against the whole tariff

bill if that course is necessary in order to beat the income tax. It was charged at the time of the sudden

bill if that course is necessary in order to beat the income tax.

It was charged at the time of the sudden movement in sugar which followed the equally sudden advent of Senator Brice in New York one day only a few short weeks ago, not only that Mr. Brice understood and was prepared to neede to the wishes of the sugar trust, but that he had been made unusually familiar with its inside operations, and it was charged, moreover, that he had pocketed a cool million dollars by reason of this knowledge. This sum is doubtless far too large; in fact, it is believed by many that the Senator from Ohio made no money at all directly in sugar, nor is it known that Mr. Smith, of New Jersey, did. It is known, however, that these two gentlemen are the main reliance of the sugar trust in insisting, even to the point of beating the Wilson bill, that the duty on sugar shall be maintained.

The story most commonly believed is that Mr. Havemeyer and the two Senators above mentioned met in Washington at a critical period for the sugar trust not many weeks ago and arranged, not that Mr. Brice should go to the front in opposing the bill unless sugar should be protected in it, but that he should covertly attack and try to defeat the measure, and that Mr. Smith should, by reason of his own belief, and also the wishes of his constituents, outwardly oppose the bill even to the length of voting against it finally. It is not known how many other Senators were included in the deal which is supposed to have been made at that time. The Louisiana Senators might nave been necessary; but they could be counted on aiready. Mr. Camden, of West Virginia, and Mr. Murphy, of New York, have all been known to oppose certain provisions of the bill. It has not appeared, however, that either of these would vote against the bill as a whole, if it were not amended to suit their particular demands.

It is very generally believed that the manipulations which are customarily required in such cases have been in charge, so far as the Republicans of the Senators ab

well qualified to "handle" the Republican "end" of an important diplomatic matter like the protection of the sugar trust. It is certain that, at the very season when arrangements are supposed to have been made between Mr. Havemeyer on the part of the trust and Senators Brice and Smith on the place here this evening, and was a decidedly succeesful event. Over 3.000 people took part in the procession, which was witnessed by was inigton, and that he was known during these fateful hours and days just mentioned to be conferring with great frequency with Mr. Searles at the Shoreham. It is not known that Mr. Elkins has influenced any Republi can Senators, nor is it always necessary in an important diplomatic affair like this that the person who is supposed really to have the influence should really seem to have it. To all outward appearances the virtue of the Republican minority remains intact, though it is suggested by certain cynical disbelievers that one cannot tell what might have become of this integrity if it had been tested sufficiently.

The news at the Capitol now is that everything is going to suit the trust, though if sufficient an against an acquism to the super durk is developed. thing is going to suit the trust, though if sum-cient antagonism to the sugar duty is developed in the House the plans of Messrs. Havemeyer, Searles, Brice, Smith, and Elkins may yet be upset. The trust unquestionably has an al-most limitless amount of meney to spend. The simple tax on refined sugar, which is estimated to be worth \$15,000,000 annually to the trust, is not the only sum of money at stake in this case. It is pointed out by a Republican Senator, who has been made very familiar with the inside operations of the

> makes money, but the railroads also pocket their little portions of the extra price put upon the consumer for every conceivable reason and with all possible avidity. More-over, inside the trust it is admitted that the various officers make their little "stakes" "on the side" as in almost all large corpora-tions that are properly managed. "on the side" as in almost all large corpora-tions that are properly managed.
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> The above impressions are gradually drip-ping into the possession of members of the House, and a warm battle between the trust and the advocates of free sugar is sure to be encountered by the news gatherers at the Capitol in the near future. It is insisted by some, indeed, that the various roll-calls, both in the Senate and the House, will be watched with the greatest avidity.

trust, that its annual proceeds as a trust are worth at least \$35,000,000 annually to it; this

LIMA. March 31.—The strictest secreev is observed regarding the condition of Presiis current in the city that he died this m in current in the city that he died this morn-ing, but it is impossible to verify this story, It is also said that Senor Valcarcel, the civil candidate for the 'presidency, has taken refuge on board the British war ship Garnet at Callao. Business is at a complete stand-still and the situation inspires grave anxiety.

HOUTZDALE, Pa., March Sl.-At a mass neeting held here this afternoon the 8,000 niners of the Clearfield mines voted to suspend work until next Thursday, in the ex-pectation that the other mining regions in the state will also strike against accepting any re-duction in wages. Should other miners not take similar action Clearfield miners will rework and will continue until order

Zella Will Go on the Stage WABASH, Ind., March 31 .- M. W. Hanley, of Harrigan's theater, New York, has made Mrs. Zella Nicolaus an offer of \$150 per week 200 ppear during the second act of the "Princess of Trebizonde" in a thinking part, now being presented by the Pauline Hall Opera Com-pany. Mrs. Nicolaus has accepted the offer and has started East to fill the contract.

Rochester on Her Guard. ROCHESTER, Pa., March 31.—Burgess Hurst will swear into service Monday twelve special policemen to guard the town from the ra of tramps that may accompany Comy's t The barrooms will all be cleard.